

# Realizability of quotients of matroids

Alessio Borzì

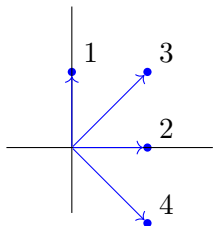
MPI MiS Leipzig

Nonlinear Algebra Seminar

11 April 2024

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{C}^{2,4}$$

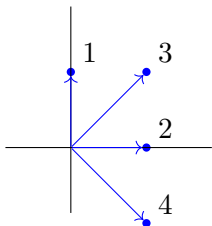
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$$E = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$\mathcal{I} = \{I \subseteq E : \text{the vectors in } I \text{ are l.i.}\}$$

# Matroid definition

## Definition

A *matroid*  $M$  is a pair  $(E, \mathcal{I})$  where:

- $E$  is a set called *ground set*,
- $\mathcal{I}$  is a family of subsets of  $E$ , called *independent subsets*, s.t.
  - 1  $\emptyset \in \mathcal{I}$
  - 2  $A \subseteq B \in \mathcal{I} \Rightarrow A \in \mathcal{I}$
  - 3  $A, B \in \mathcal{I}, |A| < |B| \Rightarrow \exists b \in B \setminus A : A \cup \{b\} \in \mathcal{I}$ .

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If a matroid  $M$  arises from a set of vectors in a  $K$ -vector space, it is *realizable* over  $K$ .

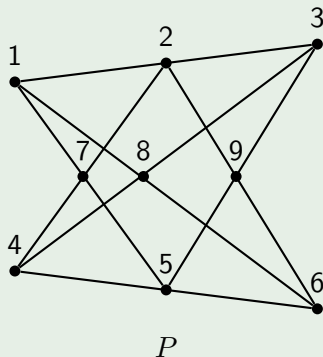
# Non-Pappus matroid

Not all matroids are realizable!

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Example (Non-Pappus matroid)



Not realizable over any field.



# Rank and flats

Let  $M$  be a matroid on  $E$ .

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$F \subseteq E$  is a **flat** if  $r(F \cup x) > r(F)$  for all  $x \in E \setminus F$ .

# Matroid quotients

## Definition

Let  $M$  and  $N$  be two matroids on the same ground set  $E$ . Then,  $N$  is a *matroid quotient* of  $M$  if every flat of  $N$  is a flat of  $M$ .

$$M \twoheadrightarrow N$$

# Realizable matroid quotients

A matroid quotient  $M \twoheadrightarrow N$  is **realizable** over  $K$  if:

- $M$  is realized by  $V \subseteq K^n$ ,
- $N$  is realized by  $U \subseteq K^n$ ,
- $U \subseteq V$ .

$$\begin{array}{ccc} N & \leftarrow & M \\ | & & | \\ U & \subseteq & V \end{array}$$

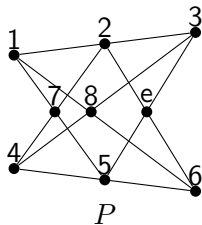
# Deletion and Contraction

Let  $M = (E, \mathcal{I})$  be a matroid and let  $e \in E$

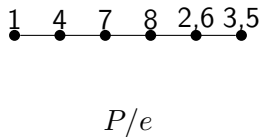
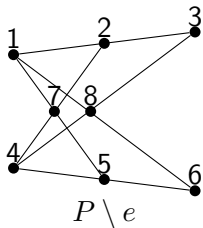
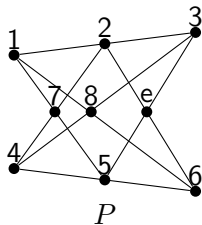
- **Deletion**  $M \setminus e$ :  $\mathcal{I}(M \setminus e) = \{I : I \in \mathcal{I}, e \notin I\}$
- **Contraction**  $M/e$ :  $\mathcal{I}(M/e) = \{I \setminus e : I \in \mathcal{I}, e \in I\}$

Both  $M \setminus e$  and  $M/e$  have ground set  $E \setminus e$ .

# Non realizable matroid quotient

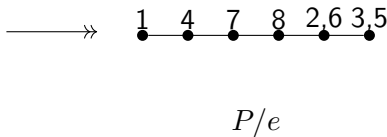
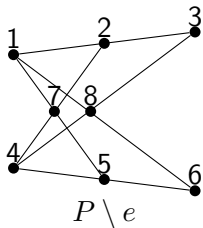
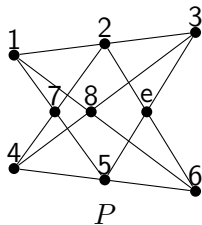


# Non realizable matroid quotient



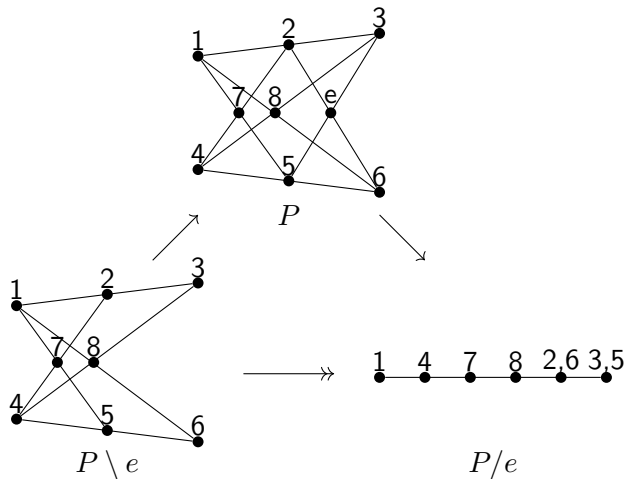


# Non realizable matroid quotient



$P \setminus e$  and  $P/e$  are realizable, but  $P \setminus e \rightarrow P/e$  is not

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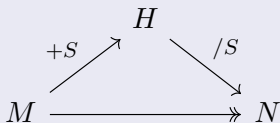
$P \setminus e$  and  $P/e$  are realizable, but  $P \setminus e \rightarrow P/e$  is not

Let  $M$  be a matroid on  $E$ . An **extension** of  $M$  is a matroid  $H$  on  $E \cup S$  such that  $M = H \setminus S$ .

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### Theorem (Higgs)

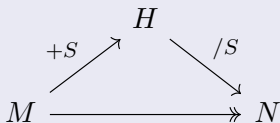
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### Theorem (Higgs)

*Every matroid quotient  $M \twoheadrightarrow N$  can be factored into an extension, followed by a contraction:*



A matroid  $H$  with the property above is a **major** of  $M \twoheadrightarrow N$ .

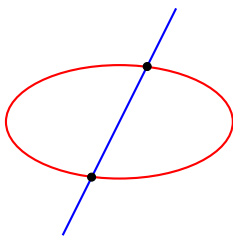
The major constructed in Higgs theorem is called **Higgs major**.

### Theorem (B. 2024)

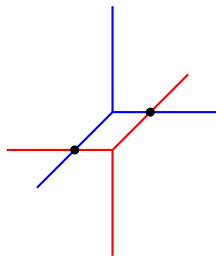
Let  $K$  be an infinite field. TFAE:

- 1  $M \twoheadrightarrow N$  is realizable over  $K$ ,
- 2 the Higgs major  $H$  of  $M \twoheadrightarrow N$  is realizable over  $K$ .

# Tropical geometry

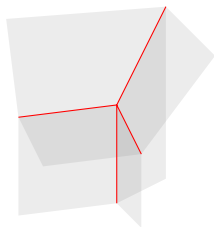


$V(I)$     $V(J)$



$\text{trop}(V(I))$     $\text{trop}(V(J))$

# Relative realizability problem



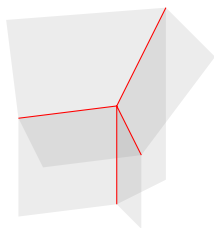
$$\mathcal{Y} \subseteq \mathcal{X}$$

**Problem (Relative realizability problem in tropical geometry)**

*Given a pair of tropical varieties  $\mathcal{Y} \subseteq \mathcal{X}$  and an algebraic variety  $X$  tropicalizing to  $\mathcal{X}$ , does there exist a subvariety  $Y \subseteq X$  tropicalizing to  $\mathcal{Y}$ ?*



# Relative realizability problem



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The answer might be negative even when  $\mathcal{X}$  and  $\mathcal{Y}$  are linear, which is the case we will focus on.

# Tropical linear spaces

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The tropical linear space  $\text{trop}(V(I))$  depends just on  $M(I_1)$ .

Let  $\text{trop}(M)$  be the tropical linear space associated to  $M$ .

## Relative realizability for tropical linear spaces

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### Proposition

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- $\mathcal{Y} \subseteq \mathcal{X}$  is realizable over  $K$ ,
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### Corollary

*If  $K$  is infinite, TFAE:*

- $\mathcal{Y} \subseteq \mathcal{X}$  is realizable over  $K$ ,
- the Higgs major  $H$  of  $M_1 \twoheadrightarrow M_2$  is realizable over  $K$ .

# Lamboglia's example

$$L \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5(\mathbb{C}) \text{ plane}$$

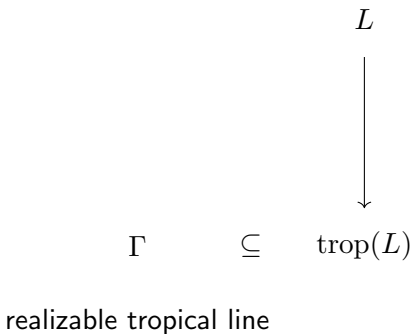


# Lamboglia's example

 $L$  $\text{trop}(L)$ 

standard tropical plane

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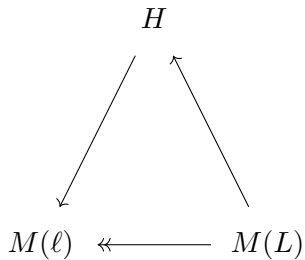
$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \ell & \not\subseteq & L \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 \Gamma & \subseteq & \text{trop}(L)
 \end{array}$$

No line  $\ell$  tropicalizing to  $\Gamma$  is contained in  $L$ !

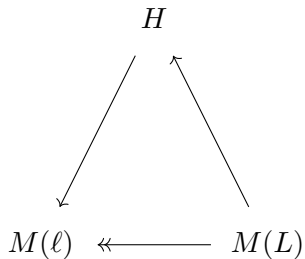
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$$M(\ell) \leftarrow M(L)$$

# Lamboglia's example



# Lamboglia's example



$L$  is a realization of  $M(L)$  that does not extend to  $H$ .

Vita quieta,  
mente lieta,  
moderata dieta.

Quiet life,  
happy mind,  
moderate diet.

Thank you for your attention!